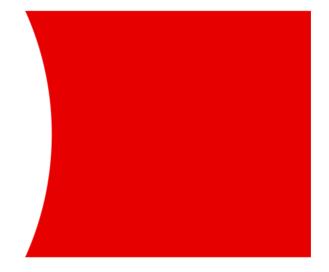
Fiscal 2014 Interim Results Presentation

November 21, 2014





This document contains forward-looking statements in regard to forecasts, targets and plans of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. ("MUFG") and its group companies (collectively, "the group"). These forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to the group and are stated here on the basis of the outlook at the time that this document was produced. In addition, in producing these statements certain assumptions (premises) have been utilized. These statements and assumptions (premises) are subjective and may prove to be incorrect and may not be realized in the future. Underlying such circumstances are a large number of risks and uncertainties. Please see other disclosure and public filings made or will be made by MUFG and the other companies comprising the group, including the latest kessantanshin, financial reports, Japanese securities reports and annual reports, for additional information regarding such risks and uncertainties. The group has no obligation or intent to update any forward-looking statements contained in this document

In addition, information on companies and other entities outside the group that is recorded in this document has been obtained from publicly available information and other sources. The accuracy and appropriateness of that information has not been verified by the group and cannot be guaranteed

The financial information used in "Outline of Financial Results" was prepared in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in Japan, or Japanese GAAP

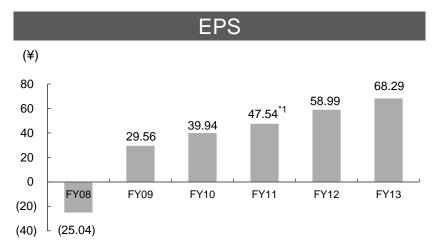
Definitions of figures used in this document

Consolidated	Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group (consolidated)
Non-consolidated	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ (non-consolidated) + Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation (non-consolidated) (without any adjustments)
Commercial bank consolidated	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ (consolidated)



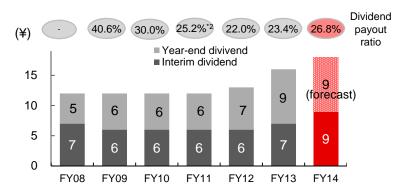
Management index

(Consolidated)

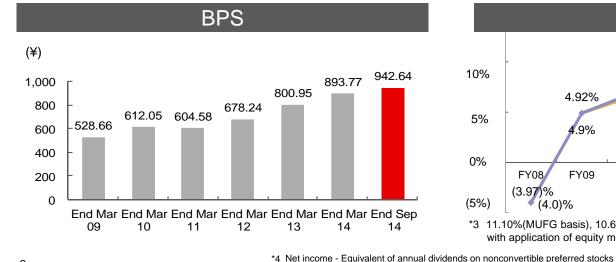


*1 ¥68.09 before excluding negative goodwill associated with application of equity method accounting on our investment in Morgan Stanley





*2 17.6% before excluding negative goodwill associated with application of equity method accounting on our investment in Morgan Stanley



ROE^{*4} 10.18% 7.75%^{*3} 8.77% 9.05% 10% 6.89% 8.9% 4.92% 8.0% 7.4%^{*3} 8.1% 6.6% 5% 4.9% 0% FY13 FY08 FY09 FY10 FY11 FY12 FY14 H1 (3.97)% (5%) (4.0)%

*3 11.10%(MUFG basis), 10.6%(JPX basis) before excluding negative goodwill associated with application of equity method accounting on our investment in Morgan Stanley

× 100 • MUFG

{(Total shareholders' equity at the beginning of the period - Number of nonconvertible preferred stocks at the beginning of the period × Issue price + Foreign currency translation adjustments at the beginning of the period) + (Total shareholders' equity at the end of the period - Number of nonconvertible preferred stocks at the end of the period × Issue price + Foreign currency translation adjustments at the end of the period) + (-1)

Financial targets

The medium-term business plan aims for pursuit of sustainable increase of profitability and efficient capital management

omoloni oupital managomoni				FY11 results	FY13 results	FY14 targets
Growth Consolidated net operating profit (customer segments) ^{*1}			¥1,036.0 bn	¥1,257.0 bn	20% increase from FY11	
	Consolidated expens	se ratio		56.9%	60.9%	Between 55-60%
	(Non-consolidated	(Non-consolidated)		50.4% 55.5%		Between 50-55%
Profitability	Consolidated net inc	ome RORA*2*3		0.8%	0.99%	Approx. 0.9%
	Consolidated ROE*2			7.75%	9.05%	Approx. 8%
Financial Strength	CET1 ratio (Full imp	lementation)*3		Approx. 9%	11.1%	9.5% or above
*1 Simple sum of co	onsolidated operating profits	for Retail Corporate (Global a	nd Trust Assats sagmants	9.5% ^{*4}	
*2 FY11 figures exc		ciated with application		y method accounting on our inv	restment in Morgan Stanley	-
*4 Excluding an effe	Consolidated net operating profits by segment : FY11 results		FY13 results	FY14 targets(from FY11) ◀		
Retail		Retail		¥314.7 bn	¥328.7 bn	Up 15%
Γ		Corporate		¥419.1 bn	¥486.1 bn	Up 15%
		Global		¥249.3 bn	¥377.4 bn	Up 35%

¥52.8 bn

Trust Assets

Up 45%

¥64.8 bn

FY2014 financial targets

• FY14 consolidated net income target is ¥950.0 bn (unchanged from initial target)

<Earnings targets>

(Consolidated)	FY	13		FY14	
		Interim (results)	Full year (results)	Interim (results)	Full Year (targets)	Change from initial target
1	Ordinary profits	¥850.4 bn	¥1,694.8 bn	¥949.8 bn	¥1,670.0 bn	¥90.0 bn
2	Net income	¥530.2 bn	¥984.8 bn	¥578.7 bn	¥950.0 bn	-
3	Total credit costs	¥25.7 bn	¥11.8 bn	¥41.1 bn	¥0.0 bn	¥110.0 bn
	(BTMU)					
4	Net business profits	¥417.9 bn	¥855.9 bn	¥490.6 bn	¥920.0 bn	-
5	Ordinary profits	¥455.1 bn	¥1,002.1 bn	¥547.2 bn	¥960.0 bn	¥80.0 bn
6	Net income	¥269.9 bn	¥650.2 bn	¥354.4 bn	¥570.0 bn	-
7	Total credit costs	¥27.8 bn	¥17.0 bn	¥66.9 bn	¥60.0 bn	¥80.0 bn
	(MUTB)					
8	Net business profits	¥71.6 bn	¥162.9 bn	¥88.9 bn	¥180.0 bn	¥5.0 bn
9	Ordinary profits	¥87.1 bn	¥195.0 bn	¥110.1 bn	¥185.0 bn	¥30.0 bn
10	Net income	¥62.6 bn	¥136.3 bn	¥73.3 bn	¥115.0 bn	¥20.0 bn
11	Total credit costs	¥16.6 bn	¥18.0 bn	¥9.3 bn	¥5.0 bn	¥20.0 bn



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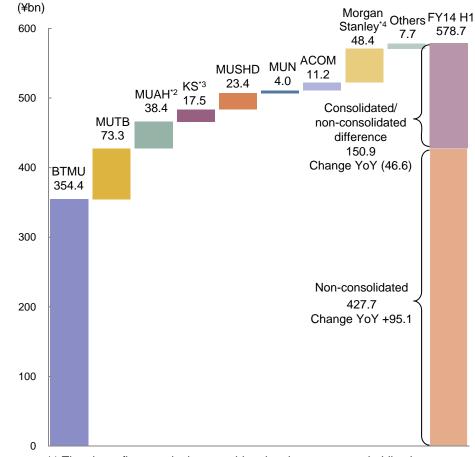
Outline of FY2014 Interim results



FY2014 Interim key points

- Net income for FY14 H1 was ¥578.7 bn (Increased by ¥48.5 bn from FY13 H1)
 - Progress level towards FY14 full-year target was 60.9%
 - Both net interest income and net fees & commissions increased by ¥127.1 bn and ¥43.0 bn from FY13 H1
 - Total credit costs improved from FY13 H1 to a net reversal of ¥41.1 bn on consolidated basis
- Progress of mid-term business plan
 - Customer segments expanded
 - In corporate banking(domestic) business, CIB business expanded mainly with large corporations supported by MS collaboration
 - Expanded overseas business steadily. Overseas loans grew by ¥1.1 tn from end Mar 14 on local currency basis, mainly due to an increase in Americas and Asia
 - Completed business integration in Americas (Jul 2014)
 - Consolidated P/L of KS from this FY. On track for integration with BTMU Bangkok branch in Jan 2015
- Shareholder returns
 - FY14 dividend forecast revised from ¥16 to ¥18 per common stock
 - Adopted a resolution to repurchase own shares up to ¥100.0 bn

Breakdown of net income^{*1}



*1 The above figures take into consideration the percentage holding in each subsidiary and equity method investees (after-tax basis)

*2 MUFG Americas Holdings Corporation

*3 Bank of Ayudhya *4 Including losses on change in equity (¥33.2 bn)

• MUFG

7

FY2014 H1 summary (Income statement)

(Consolidated)

• Net business profit

- Gross profits increased mainly due to increases in net interest income from loan businesses in overseas and revenue from investment banking as well as a positive impact of the consolidation of Krungsri (KS)
- G&A expenses increased mainly due to an increase in costs in overseas businesses as well as due to the consolidation of KS
- As a result, net business profits increased by ¥52.3 bn from FY13 H1 to ¥777.3 bn

Total credit costs

• Total credit costs improved mainly due to posting a reversal of provision for specific allowance for credit losses, partially offset by a lower reversal of provision for general allowance for credit losses

• Net gains (losses) on equity securities

• Net gains (losses) on equity securities decreased mainly due to a decrease in gains on sales of equity securities

Net extraordinary gains (losses)

 Net extraordinary losses was ¥68.9 bn mainly due to losses on change in equity in our investments in Morgan Stanley and a provision in connection with New York State Department of Financial Services matter

Net income

• As a result, net income increased by ¥48.5 bn from FY13 H1 to ¥578.7 bn

	(¥bn)	FY13	FY14 H1	YoY
1	Gross profits (before credit costs for trust accounts)	3,753.4	2,012.9	167.6
2	Net interest income	1,878.6	1,035.7	127.1
3	Trust fees + Net fees and commissions	1,268.7	661.3	43.1
4	Net trading profits + Net other business profits	606.1	315.7	(2.6)
5	Net gains (losses) on debt securities	142.8	89.3	12.2
6	G&A expenses	2,289.3	1,235.5	115.3
7	Net business profits	1,464.1	777.3	52.3
8	Total credit costs ^{*1}	11.8	41.1	15.4
9	Net gains (losses) on equity securities	144.5	22.9	(20.5)
10	Net gains (losses) on sales of equity securities	157.5	25.5	(28.7)
11	Losses on write-down of equity securities	(12.9)	(2.6)	8.2
12	Profits (losses) from investments in affiliates	112.4	103.9	35.2
13	Other non-recurring gains (losses)	(38.2)	4.5	16.9
14	Ordinary profits	1,694.8	949.8	99.4
15	Net extraordinary gains (losses)	(151.7)	(68.9)	(41.2)
16	Total of income taxes-current and income taxes-deferred	(439.9)	(242.5)	(30.3)
17	Net income	984.8	578.7	48.5
18	EPS (¥)	68.29	40.86	4.04

*1 Credit costs for trust accounts + Provision for general allowance for credit losses

+ Credit costs (included in non-recurring gains/losses) + Reversal of allowance for credit losses + Reversal of reserve for contingent losses included in credit costs + Gains on loans written-off



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FY2014 H1 summary (Income statement) supplementary explanation

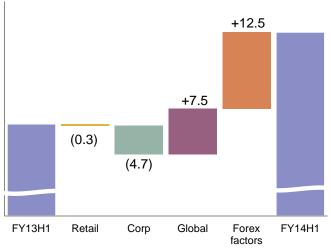
(Consolidated)

Breakdown of net interest income^{*1}

	(¥b	n)		YoY
1	Total			127.1
2		BT	MU & MUTB	73.4
3	Lending income			15.0
4	Deposit income		Deposit income	(19.1)
5	Market income & others			79.4
6	Subsidiaries		Ibsidiaries	53.6
7	MUN + ACOM		MUN + ACOM	(1.7)
8			MUAH	11.5

<Lending income>

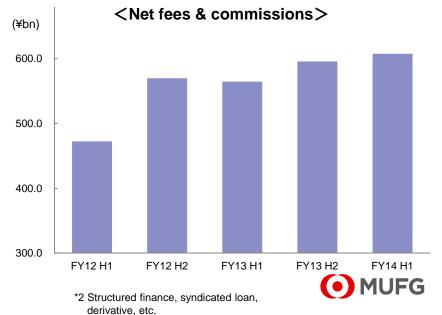




Breakdown of net fees & commissions*1

	(¥b	ר)	YoY		
1	Tot	al		43.0	
2		BTMU & MUTB		19.1	
3		Investment pr	roducts sales	3.7	
4	Investment banking (domestic) ^{*2}			12.7	
5	Subsidiaries			23.8	
6	MUSHD			(17.8)	
7	KS			22.4	
8	MUAH		9.0		
9		MUN		3.3	

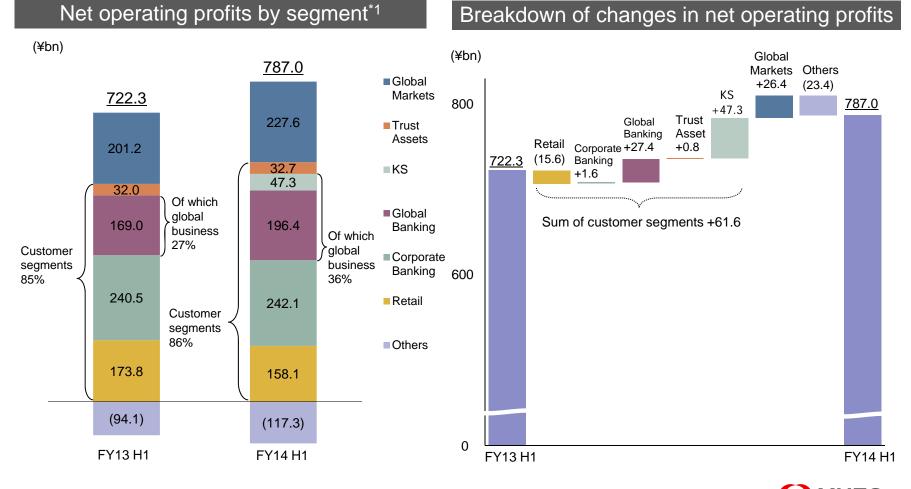
*1 managerial accounting basis



Outline of results by business segment

(Consolidated)

- Net operating profit in customer segments increased by ¥61.6 bn from FY13 H1 due to increases in Corporate Banking, Global Banking and Trust Assets, as well as consolidation of KS
- Customer segments accounted for 86% of the total, of which global business accounted for 36%



10 *1 Consolidated net business profits on a managerial accounting basis, Actual exchange rate basis Please see page 36 of the databook for details **OMUFG**

FY2014 H1 summary (Balance sheets)

(Consolidated)

Loans

- Increased from end Mar 14 mainly due to increases in domestic corporate loans and overseas loans
- Investment securities
 - Decreased from end Mar 14 mainly due to decreases in Japanese government bonds and foreign bonds.
- Deposits
 - Decreased from end Mar 14 mainly due to decreases in domestic corporate and overseas deposits, partially offset by an increase in domestic individual deposits
- Non performing loans ("NPLs")
 - Decreased from end Mar 14 mainly due to a decrease in doubtful loans
- Net unrealized gains on securities available for sale
 - Increased from end Mar 14 mainly due to increases in net unrealized gains on domestic equity securities and foreign bonds

	(¥bn)	End Mar 14	End Sep 14	Change
Г	Fotal assets	258,131.9	264,458.1	6,326.2
	Loans (banking + trust accounts)	102,038.5	102,671.7	633.1
	Loans (banking accounts)	101,938.9	102,571.0	632.1
	Housing loans ^{*1}	16,347.7	15,977.6	(370.0)
	Domestic corporate loans*1*2	41,312.8	41,599.7	286.8
	Overseas loans ^{*3}	33,907.0	35,590.8	1,683.8
	Investment securities (banking accounts)	74,515.5	73,179.3	(1,336.2)
	Domestic equity securities	4,998.2	5,516.3	518.1
	Japanese government bonds	40,649.9	39,763.2	(886.6)
	Foreign bonds	21,431.8	20,029.0	(1,402.7)
Т	Fotal liabilities	243,019.0	249,115.1	6,096.0
	Deposits	144,760.2	144,135.8	(624.4)
	Individual deposits (domestic branches)	68,867.2	69,286.3	419.0
Т	Total net assets	15,112.8	15,343.0	230.1
_				
F	RL disclosed loans ^{*1*4}	1,418.1	1,209.9	(208.2)
Ν	NPL ratio ^{*1}	1.41%	1.18%	(0.22%)
		,		1
١	Net unrealized gains (losses)	1.869.9	2.751.6	881.7

on securities available for sale *1 Non-consolidated + trust accounts

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*2 Excluding lending to government

*3 Loans booked in overseas branches, MUAH, KS, BTMU (China) and BTMU (Holland)

*4 FRL = the Financial Reconstruction Law



881.7

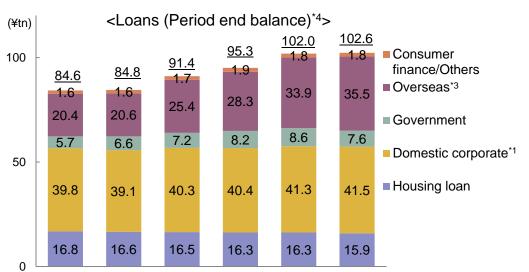
2,751.6

Loans/Deposits

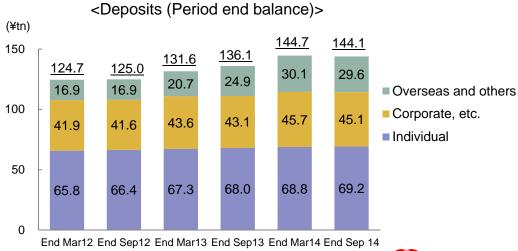
(Consolidated)

- Loan balance ¥102.6 tn (increased by ¥0.6 tn from Mar 14)
 - <Breakdown of change>
 - Housing loan (¥0.3 tn)
 Domestic corporate^{*1} +¥0.2 tn
 - $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Large corporate}^{*2} & + 40.2 \text{ tr}\\ \text{SME}^{*2} & (40.0 \text{ tr})\\ \bullet \text{Overseas}^{*3} & + 41.6 \text{ tr}\\ \text{Excluding impact}\\ \text{of FX rate change} & + 41.1 \text{ tr} \end{array}$
- *1 Excluding lending to government
- *2 Figures for internal management purpose
- *3 Loans booked in overseas branches + MUAH + KS + BTMU (China) + BTMU (Holland)
- *4 Sum of banking and trust accounts
- Deposit balance ¥144.1 tn (decreased by ¥0.6 tn from Mar 14)
 - <Breakdown of change>

 Individual 	+¥0.4 tn
 Corporate, etc. 	(¥0.5 tn)
Overseas and others	(¥0.4 tn)
Excluding impact of FX rate change	(¥0.6 tn)



End Mar12 End Sep12 End Mar13 End Sep13 End Mar14 End Sep 14

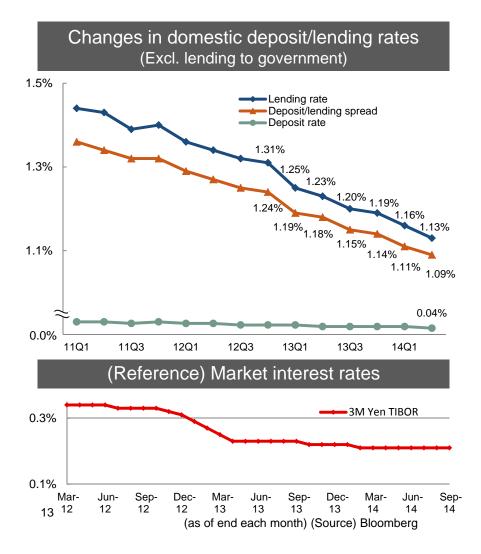


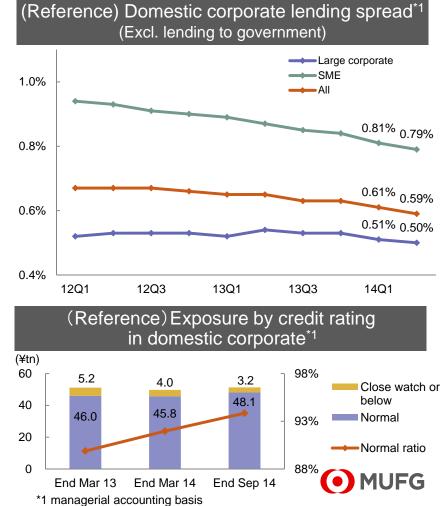


Domestic deposit/lending rates

(Non-consolidated)

Deposit/lending rates excluding lending to government in FY14 Q2 declined by 2bp from FY14 Q1

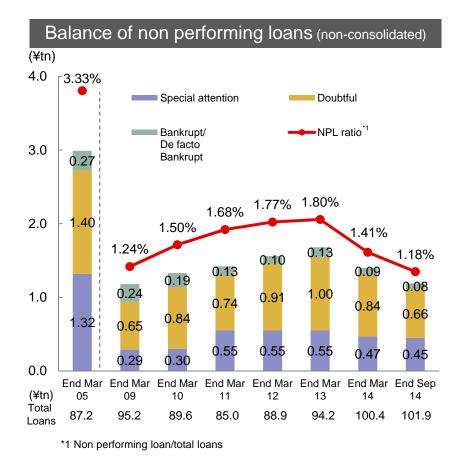


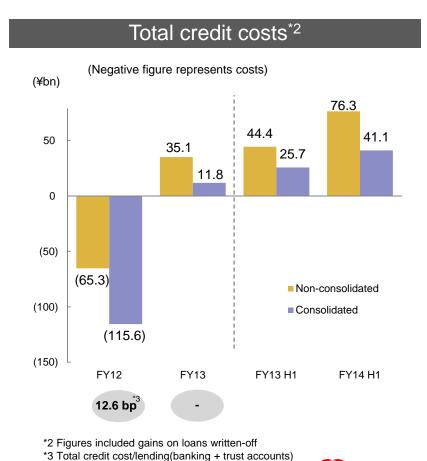


Loan assets

(Consolidated/Non-consolidated)

- NPL ratio declined by 0.22 percentage points from end Mar 14 to 1.18%
- Total credit costs improved from FY13 H1 to a net reversal of ¥41.1 bn on consolidated basis (a net reversal of ¥76.3 bn on non-consolidated basis)



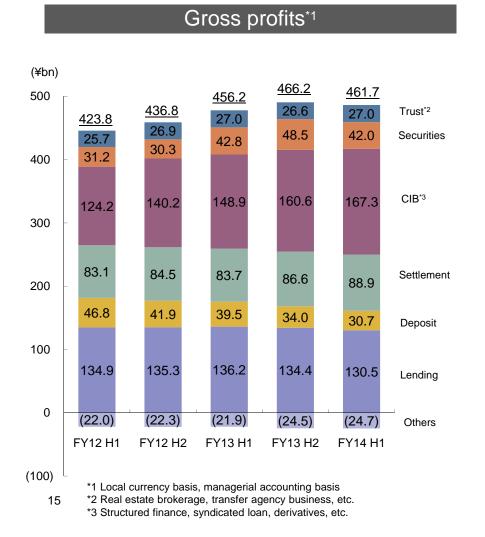


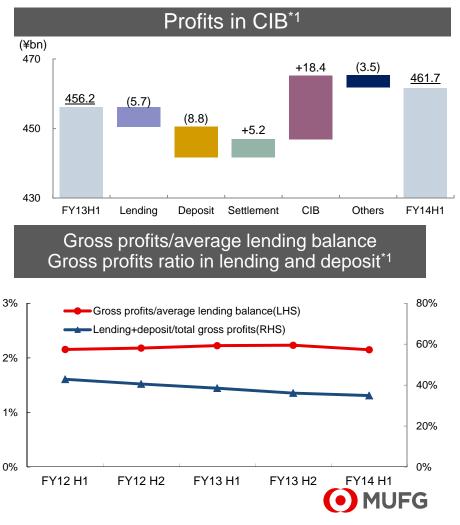
Please see page 48-50 of the databook for details



Historical profits in corporate banking (domestic) (Consolidated/Non-consolidated)

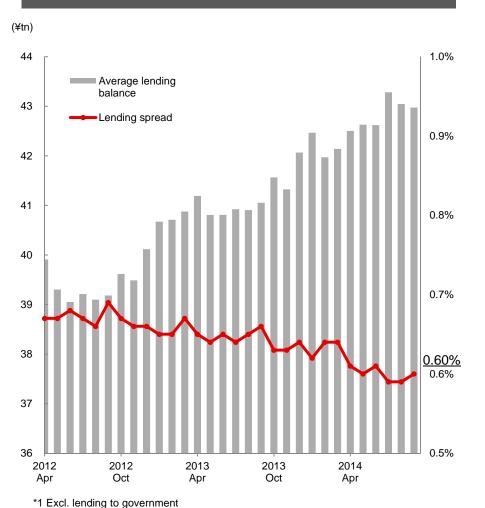
- CIB business is expanding steadily which overwhelmed a decrease in gross profits from deposit and lending
- Contribution ratios of deposit and lending are decreasing



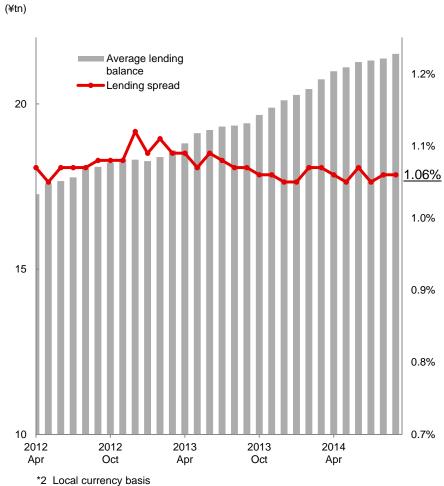


Domestic and overseas lending

Domestic corporate lending/spread^{*1}



Overseas corporate lending/spread^{*2} (Excl. MUAH, KS)

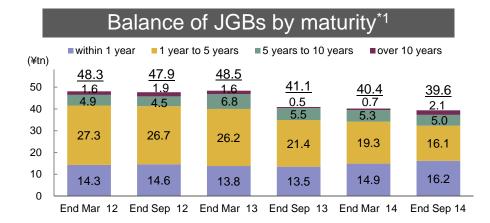




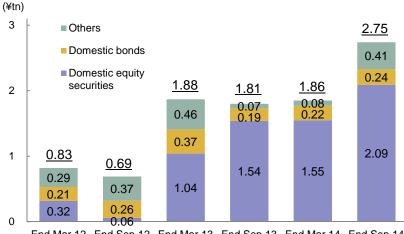
Investment securities

(Consolidated/Non-consolidated)

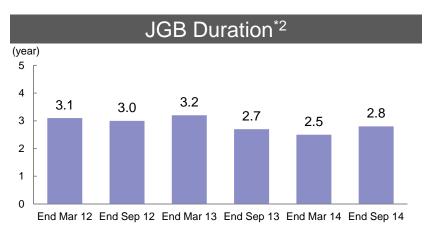
		Ва	lance	Unrealized gains (losses)			
	(¥bn)	End Sep 14	Change from End Mar 14	End Sep 14	Change from End Mar 14		
1	Total	69,594.1	(2,127.8)	2,751.6	881.7		
2	Domestic equity securities	4,904.6	520.4	2,090.7	531.0		
3	Domestic bonds	41,431.3	(1,692.3)	246.6	23.7		
4	Japanese government bonds	38,947.8	(1,487.0)	189.8	22.1		
5	Others	23,258.1	(955.9)	414.3	326.9		
6	Foreign equity securities	217.6	0.1	86.8	5.1		
7	Foreign bonds	19,076.8	(1,523.0)	191.6	244.6		
8	Others	3,963.7	566.9	135.8	77.1		



Securities available for sale with fair value Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale



End Mar 12 End Sep 12 End Mar 13 End Sep 13 End Mar 14 End Sep 14



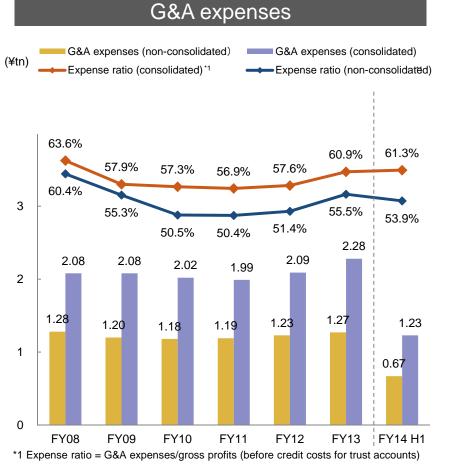
17 *1 Securities available for sale and securities being held to maturity. Non-consolidated

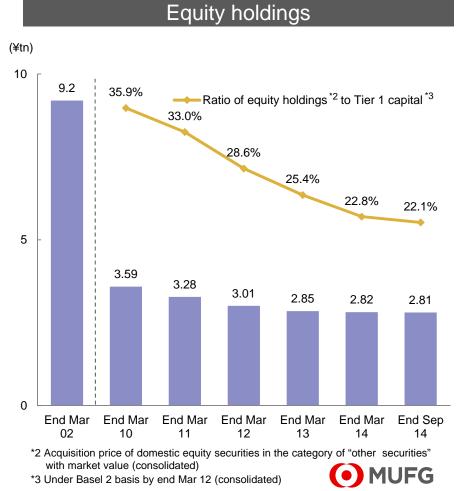
*2 Securities available for sale. Non-consolidated



Expenses/Equity holdings

- Consolidated expense ratio was 61.3%, non-consolidated expense ratio was 53.9%. Consolidated expense ratio target for full year is under 60%
- Continue restraint policy for equity holdings





Capital

(Consolidated)

Risk-adjusted capital ratio

(Full implementation^{*1}) Common Equity Tier1 ratio :11.4% Excluding impact of net unrealized gains

: 9.4% (losses) on securities available for sale

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Operational risk

Transitional floor

*1 Calculated on the basis of regulations to apply at end Mar 19

- Leverage ratio Transitional basis (pro forma) : 4.4%
- Issued Tier2 Subordinated notes (MUFG, Jun 2014)

	Tier2 Subordinated Notes, No1	Tier2 Subordinated Notes, No2
Amount	¥ 40 bn	¥10 bn
Tenor	10year	10year (NC5)
Coupon	0.94%	0.66% until Jun 2019 6M Libor +0.32% thereafter

(¥bn)		End Mar 14	End Sep 14	Change
1	Common Equity Tier1 ratio	11.25%	10.97%	(0.27%)
2	Tier1 ratio	12.45%	12.21%	(0.23%)
3	Total capital ratio	15.53%	15.39%	(0.13%)

	Common Equity Tier1 capital	11,153.0	11,435.8	282.7
	Capital and stock surplus	3,924.8	3,580.9	(343.9)
	Retained earnings	7,033.1	7,531.0	497.9
	Additional Tier1 capital	1,188.8	1,290.3	101.4
	Preferred stock and preferred securities	1,326.0	1,326.0	-
	Foreign currency translation adjustments	325.7	203.3	(122.4)
	Reguratory adjustment of goodwill (transitional arrangements)	(439.7)	(213.2)	226.4
Tie	er1 capital	12,341.8	12,726.1	384.2
Tie	er2 capital	3,052.4	3,313.0	260.6
	Subordinated debt	2,119.9	1,990.6	(129.2)
	Amounts equivalent to 45% of unrealized gains on other securities	671.4	997.3	325.8
То	tal capital (Tier1+Tier2)	15,394.3	16,039.1	644.8
Ris	sk weighted asset	99,084.3	104,160.1	5,075.8
	Credit risk	88,001.3	88,530.0	528.6
	Market risk	2,340.8	2,835.9	495.0

6,062.2

2,679.8

Please see page 55 of the databook for details OMUFG



10.3

4,041.6

6,072.6

6,721.5

Mitsubishi UFJ Securities Holdings

- Decreased net operating revenue and net income from FY13 H1 when historical high recorded
- Commission received and net trading income decreased under low volatility in domestic market

	Results of MUSHD ^{*1}					
	(¥bı	า)		FY13	FY14 H1	YoY
1	Ne	t op	erating revenue*2	450.6	194.6	(35.2)
2		Co	mmission received	242.5	106.9	(19.1)
3			To consignees	44.9	17.7	(8.2)
4			Underwriting, etc.	43.2	20.8	3.3
5			Offering, etc.	62.9	28.3	(6.7)
6			Other fees received	91.4	40.0	(7.5)
7		Ne	t trading income	210.4	76.7	(30.4)
8			Stocks	64.6	21.9	(14.0)
9			Bonds, other	145.7	54.8	(16.3)
10	G&	Ae	xpenses	316.7	162.8	6.6
11		Ре	rsonnel expenses	133.3	67.0	3.5
12	Ор	erat	ing income	133.9	31.7	(41.9)
13	Non-operating income		29.3	10.9	(9.3)	
14	Equity in earnings of affiliates		24.5	5.6	(12.1)	
15	15 Ordinary income		ry income	163.3	42.7	(51.2)
16	Ne	t inc	come	97.7	23.4	(39.7)

*1 Mitsubishi UFJ Securities Holdings Co., Ltd.

*2 Operating revenue minus financial expenses

	(¥b	n)	FY13	YoY			
1	To consignees		44.9	17.7	(8.2)		
2		Stocks	44.0	16.9	(8.6)		
3	Ur	nderwriting, etc.	43.2	20.8	3.3		
4		Stocks	18.8	6.1	(0.8)		
5		Bonds	24.3	14.6	4.1		
6	Of	fering, etc.	62.9	28.3	(6.7)		
7		Investment trust, etc.	61.8	27.3	(7.3)		
8	8 Other fees received		91.4	40.0	(7.5)		
9		Investment trust, etc.	53.7	25.8	(1.7)		
	Results of MUMSS ^{*3}						

Commission received (MUSHD*1)

	Results of MUMSS ^{*3}							
(¥bn)		FY13 ^{*4} FY14 H1 ^{*5}		YoY ^{*4}				
1	Net operating revenue*2	349.9	151.2	(34.3)				
2	G&A expenses	220.7	110.7	1.2				
3	Operating income	129.1	40.5	(35.5)				
4	Ordinary income	130.5	41.3	(35.4)				
5	Net income	128.8	32.2	(53.9)				

*3 Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley Securities Co., Ltd. *4 Simple total with Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley PB

Securities

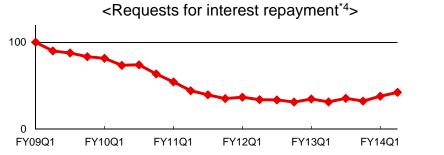
MUFG

*5 Consolidated with Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley PB Securities

Consumer finance

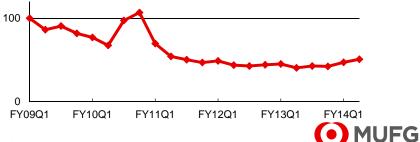
- MUN: Net income decreased due to struggling cashing and financing business, while shopping business increased
- ACOM: Successfully increased operating revenue due to good performance of financing and guarantee business. Net income slightly decreased due to increased provision f

	Results of MUN						
	(¥b	n)	FY13	FY14H1	YoY	FY14 (plan)	
1	Ор	erating revenue	265.7	129.9	(0.6)	275.2	
2		Card shopping	173.1	87.1	3.8	-	
3		Card cashing	37.5	16.7	(2.9)	-	
4		Finance	10.4	4.3	(1.1)	-	
5	Ор	erating expenses	246.4	126.2	3.0	257.9	
6		G&A expenses	237.0	121.9	5.3	245.3	
7		Credit related costs	9.4	4.2	(2.3)	12.5	
8		Repayment expenses	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	
9	Operating income		19.3	3.7	(3.7)	17.2	
10	Ordinary income		19.8	3.8	(3.6)	18.0	
11	11 Net income		25.0	4.7	(2.7)	17.3	
12	Inte	erest repayment*1	18.2	8.8	(0.6)		



for	or bad debts							
	Results of ACOM							
(¥bn) FY13 FY14H1 YoY FY14 (plan								
1	Operating revenue	202.2	106.7	6.9	208.8			
2	Operating expenses	187.9	76.5	8.0	156.6			
3	G&A expenses	79.1	40.1	1.8	86.6			
4	Provision for bad debts	41.9	26.4	7.2	50.1			
5	Provision for loss on interest repayment	45:4	0.0	0.0	-			
6	Operating income	14.3	30.2	(1.0)	52.2			
7	Net income	10.6	28.0	(0.5)	45.0			
8	Guaranteed receivables (Non-consolidated)	752.1	808.3	177.0	818.5			
9	Unsecured consumer loans (Non-consolidated)	713.1	726.6	19.6	741.8			
10	Share of loans*2	33.5%	33.8% ^{*3}	0.9%				
11	Interest repayment*1	72.3	33.8	(1.4)				
	-	e		•*4				

<Requests for interest repayment^{*4}>



21

*1 Including waiver of repayment *2 ACOM unsecured consumer loan balance (non-consolidated)/consumer finance industry loan balance *3 As of end Aug 14 (Source) Japan Financial Services Association *4 Requests for interest repayment in FY09 Q1 = 100

Growth strategy



Growth strategy

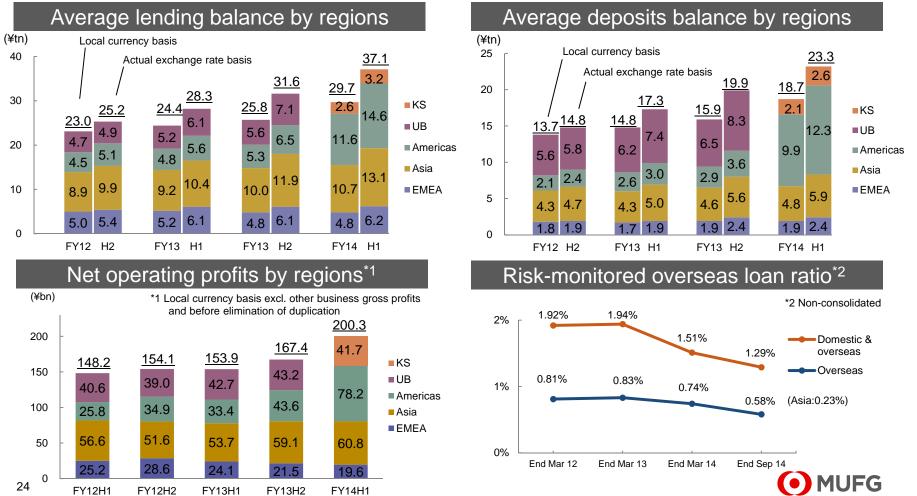
- Achieve sustainable growth, through businesses listed below as key earning drivers
 - <u>Global strategy by regions including emerging markets (Asia, Americas, EMEA)</u>
 - Project finance
 - Sales & Trading
 - Global strategic alliance with Morgan Stanley
 - Domestic corporate business
 - Transaction banking business
 - Integrated corporate & retail business
 - Investment product sales
 - <u>Consumer finance</u>
 - Global asset management & administration



Global strategy

(Commercial bank consolidated)

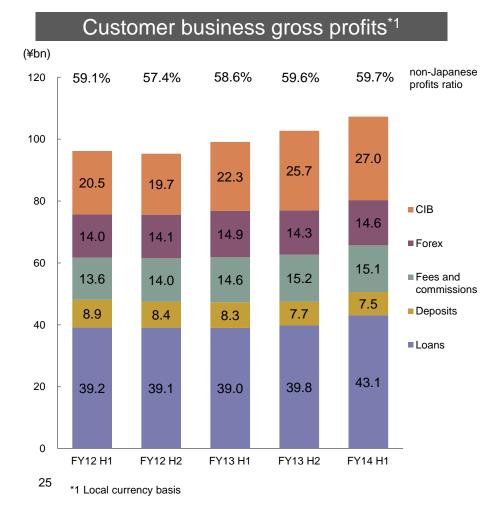
- Americas and Asia account for largest portion of net operating profits
- Expanded our lending and customer deposits. In addition, the risk-monitored overseas loan ratio drops due to our strict credit controls
- Non-Japanese business accounted for 64% of gross profits (excluding MUAH and KS)



Asia strategy(1)

(Commercial bank consolidated excl. KS)

- · Gross profits increased driven by income from loans and CIB
- Accumulating high quality assets and strengthening cross selling
- Aim to secure position as a top foreign bank by improving business model to capture Asian growth



Key points of Asia strategy

- Strengthen sales through cross-entities and cross-region to expand products/services.
 Strengthen governance and risk management framework
- Organic growth
 - Respond to Japanese company's needs by strengthening transaction banking capability
 - Support customers expanding into emerging regions by our local alliance network
 - Expand transactions with non-Japanese companies by strengthening solution ability
 - Strengthen local currency business including RMB related business

• Non-organic growth

• Pursue investment and alliance opportunities

• Two headquarters for Asia & Oceania

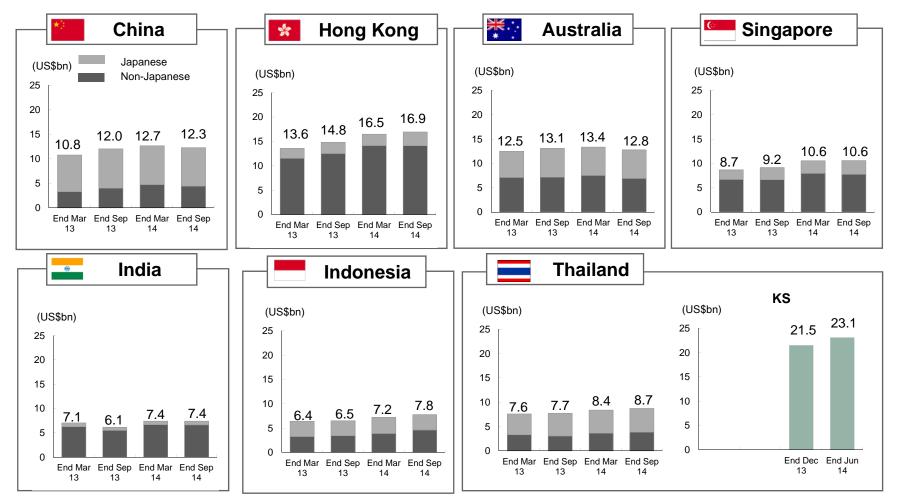
- One headquarter for East Asia (China, Hong Kong, etc.) and one for SE Asia, Oceania, etc. (in Singapore)
- Regional marketing division in Singapore and a framework in China and Hong Kong to oversee and collaborate each other



Asia strategy(2)

(Commercial bank consolidated)

Aiming to increase lending balance through adopting strategy to the characteristics of each market ٠



(Note) Counted by the nationality of each borrower for internal management purpose (excl. Financial institution)

Please see page 58 of the databook for details () MUFG



Asia strategy(3) -Bank of Ayudhya (Krungsri)

- Acquired 72% of KS stock in Dec 13. Integration of KS and BTMU Bangkok branch is scheduled on 5th Jan 2015 subject to authorities' approval
- Build comprehensive commercial banking platform including retail and SME banking in Asia
- The combination of MUFG and KS's customer base and product/service capabilities will bring in significant synergies

(¥bn)	FY12 ^{*1}	FY13 ^{*1}	FY14Q1-3 ^{*1}	у-о-у
P/L				
Total operating income	206.8	231.5	175.2	+5.3
Operating expense	104.1	113.6	85.6	+3.7
Net income	49.4	40.1	34.5	(2.1)
B/S				
Loan ^{*2}	2,805.4	3,189.0	3,295.1	+289.6
Deposit	2,322.6	2,582.5	2,724.8	+235.7
Total asset	3,623.2	3,987.1	4,181.6	+310.9
Total equity	383.6	410.8	434.2	+26.6

	FY12 ^{*1}	FY13 ^{*1}	FY14Q1-3 ^{*1}	у-о-у
Key indicate				
NIM	4.3%	4.3%	4.2%	(0.0%)
CIR	50.3%	48.8%	48.9%	+0.5%
NPL	2.4%	2.6%	3.2%	+0.6%
LDR	102.9%	104.3%	106.0%	+2.0%
ROA	1.5%	1.1%	1.1%	(0.2%)
ROE	13.5%	10.1%	10.9%	(1.5%)

Credit card115%Auto218%SME58%Large corporate57%

Rank

1



*1 Fiscal year ending December. An exchange rate of THB1 = ¥3.38 was uniformly applied to financial results (Thai Accounting Standards)

27 disclosed with the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

*2 Includes lease receivables

Please see page 26-27 of the databook for details

Leadership position

As of End Aug 14

Personal loan

Consumer

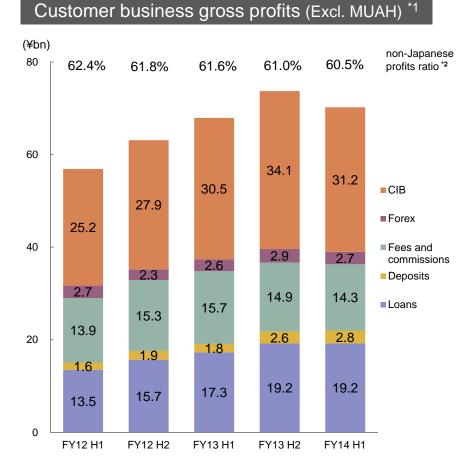


Share

27%

Americas strategy(1)

- In the Americas, which comprises approx. 50% of overseas business income, gross profits increased steadily driven by income from CIB and loans
- Aim to become a US top 10 financial institution by scale and profitability



Key points of Americas strategy

- Organic growth
- Accelerate growth through expansion of customer base, intragroup collaboration and new product development
- Strengthen base in personnel, risk management, IT, etc. to support business volume growth
- Non-organic growth
- Pursue opportunities for strategic acquisitions. Respond to high value-added acquisitions
- Latin America
- Accelerate steady execution of integrated strategy by country and realize benefits of capital increases that have been implemented
- BTMU and UNBC full business integration since Jul 2014

*1 Local currency basis*2 Excl. Latin America and others



Americas strategy(2)

- Integrated BTMU and UNBC business and established US holding company(MUAH) and US banking corporation(MUFG Union Bank) to unify BTMU's Americas business for centralization of management
- Maximize profit opportunities by combining BTMU and MUAH strengths

BTMU-UNBC business integration aims

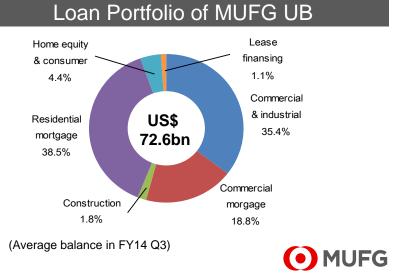
- Improve client services
 - Improve and enhance client services through integration
- Strengthen foreign currency funding ability
 - Strengthen US dollar funding ability on a global basis
- Response to US financial regulations
 - Strengthen governance and risk management to comply with US prudential regulations

Deposit Balance Ranking in the U.S.

Rank	Name	Balance (US\$ bn)
9	TD Banks US Holding Company	196
10	State Street Corporation	182
11	SunTrust Banks, Inc.	130
12	BB&T Corporation	127
13	MUFG Union Bank	115
19	UNBC	80
45	BTMU (Americas)	35

Strategic initiatives after integration

- Expansion of business initiatives by industry sector
- Expand fee businesses through cross selling
- Optimize the business mix
 - Effective utilization of business foundation nationwide, covering wholesale, middle & retail
 - Expand high margin businesses such as consumer loans
- Improve profitability and sophisticate risk management



29 (Source) SNL

Americas strategy(3)

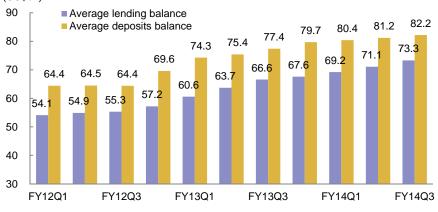
- Performed well despite lower interest rates and higher regulatory costs. Loans and deposits steadily increased
- MUAH's Capital Plan 2014 approved by Federal Reserve System (satisfies the CCAR and Dodd-Frank Act stress testing requirement)

MUAH business performance					
	FY13	FY14			
(US\$mm)	FTIS	Q1	Q2	Q3	
Gross profits	3,592	864	965	1,095	
Non-interest expenses	2,793	660	649	805	
Net business profits	799	204	316	290	
Provision for allowance for credit losses ^{*1}	(45)	(16)	9	(18)	
Net income	667	175	249	246	

*1 Negative figures are reversal

MUAH average lending and deposits balance^{*2}

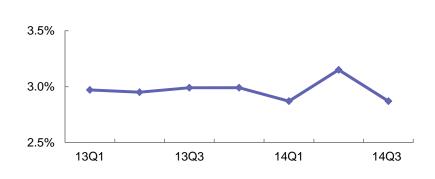




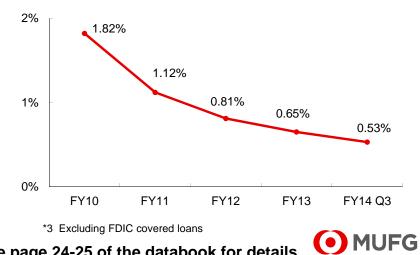
*2 Effective of acquisition of Pacific Capital Bancorp was reflected from Dec 12.

Commercial real estate finance firm from Deutsche Bank's subsidiary was from Jun 13

MUAH net interest margin



MUAH NPL ratio^{*3}





Please see page 24-25 of the databook for details

Global strategic alliance with Morgan Stanley

- Enhance strategic alliance by expanding scope of collaboration, fully leveraging BTMU customer base
- No.1 position in cross-border M&A advisory for transactions involving Japanese corporations for FY14 H1
- Utilize MS' global expertise to further develop wealth management business in Japan

	Results of Morgan Stanley					
		FY13	FY14			
	(US\$mm)	1115	Q1	Q2	Q3	
1	Net revenue	32,417	8,947	8,608	8,907	
2	Net revenue(Excl.DVA)*1	33,098	8,821	8,521	8,692	
3	Non-interest expenses	27,935	6,622	6,676	6,687	
4	Income from continuing operations before taxes	4,482	2,325	1,932	2,220	
5	Income from continuing operations before taxes (Excl.DVA) ^{*1}	3,524	2,199	1,846	2,005	
6	Net income applicable to MS	2,932	1,505	1,899	1,693	
7	Earnings applicable to MS common shareholders	2,655	1,449	1,820	1,629	
	*4 Calculated by MUEC based on Manner Stanlay syblic data					

Desults of Margan Ctaple

*1 Calculated by MUFG based on Morgan Stanley public data

M&A advisory (cross-border deals)			(Apr 14 - Sep 14)		
Rank	FA	#	Amount (¥bn)	Share (%)	
1	MUMSS	21	1,567.3	42.8	
2	Goldman Sachs	8	1,350.6	36.9	
3	Citi	8	825.7	22.6	
4	GCA Savvian Group	7	616.6	16.9	
5	Evercore Partners	5	519.0	14.2	

Any Japanese involvement announced 31

(Source) Thomson Reuters

Major collaborations around the globe

- Acquisition of Windsor by Ajinomoto
 - MUMSS acted as financial advisor for Ajinomoto in its approx. \$0.8 bn acquisition of Windsor Quality Holdings
- Global IPO by Recruit Holdings
 - MS/MSMS/MUMSS acted as JGC and Joint Bookrunner for both the domestic and international tranches for the approx. ¥213.8 bn initial public offering for Recruit Holdings
- Global IPO by Skylark
 - MS/MSMS/MUMSS acted as JGC and Joint Bookrunner for both the domestic and international tranches for the approx. ¥75.3 bn initial public offering for Skylark

Equity underwriting			(Apr 14-	- Sep 14)
Rank	Bookrunner	#	Amount (¥bn)	Share (%)
1	Nomura	67	626.8	35.4
2	Daiwa	59	287.2	16.2
3	SMBC Nikko	60	260.6	14.7
4	Mizuho	57	177.0	10.0
5	MUMSS	40	156.8	8.8
	(Sou	rce) Thomson R	euters	

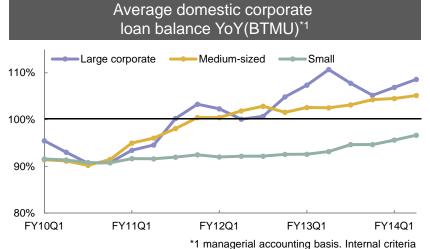
(Source) I nomson Reuters



Domestic corporate banking business(1)

- For attaining sustainable growth, enhance income from core business. Focus on lending operations
- Develop various initiatives to enhance sophistication of risk-return management

Initiative details				
Main initiatives	Outline			
Strengthen M&A activity	 Raise flexibility of certain PEF investment standards for LBO deals Capture capital demand for M&A finance by leveraging MS' global reach to further strengthen BTMU/MUMSS collaboration 			
Enhance sophistication of risk-return management	 Business support initiative Execute initiatives including lending for corporate customer to improve their earnings and corporate value 			
	Real estate fund Strengthen real estate-related loan			
	initiatives in light of current real estate market conditions			
Establish new loan fund	 Capex fund, growth business fund Provide financial support, in step with the Japan Revitalization Strategy, for long- term capex or promising business 			



	FY14	1 (¥tn)		FY14	(¥tn)
Foods	1.7	0.5%	Wholesale & retail trade	7.3	3.7%
Chemicals (including Pharmaceutical) & textiles	2.5	(0.8%)	Transportation	5.2	3.1%
Pulp & paper	0.3	(0.5%)	Real estate	4.6	3.1%
Oil & coal products	0.3	0.6%	Electric power, gas & water	4.1	2.6%
Iron, steel & nonferrous metals	1.5	0.4%	Information & telecommunication	3.5	(0.6%)
Machinery	1.8	7.0%	Construction	1.8	1.2%
Electronics	4.4	2.2%	Finance & insurance	3.7	3.9%
Transportation equipment (automobiles, etc.)	2.5	3.2%	Other non- manufacturing	19.4	7.6%
Other manufacturing	3.3	4.7%	Total	67.9	4.0%

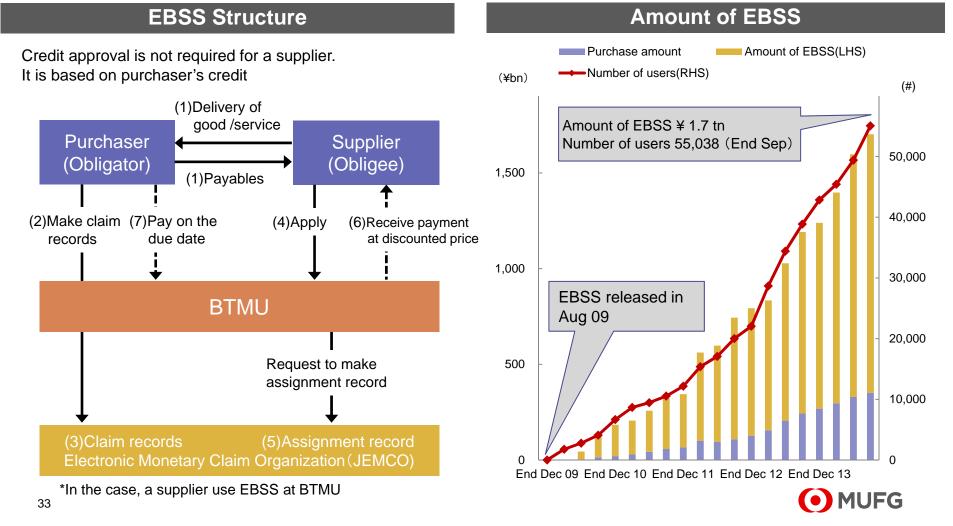
Caper outlook by sector (EV1

(Source)Compiled by BTMU Economic Research Office



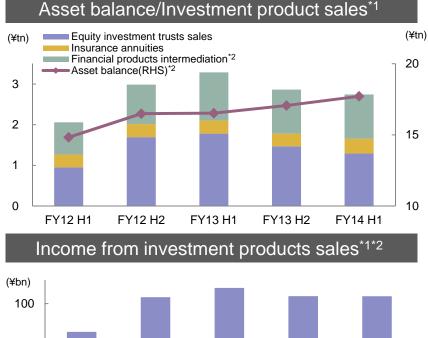
Domestic corporate banking business(2) - Electronic bill settlement servicee

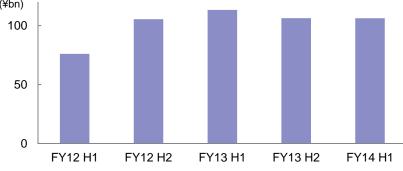
• Led the industry as a frontrunner in the electronic monetary claim business. Electronic bill settlement service enable a supplier to finance with the credit of the purchaser, and contribute to supplier SMEs for smooth funding



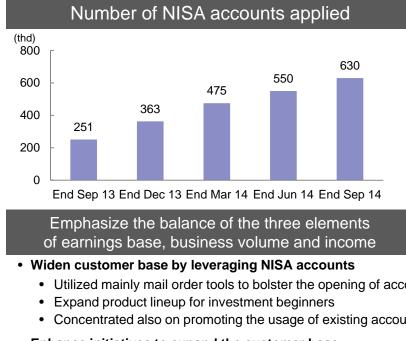
Investment product sales(1)

- Maintained sales amounts of investment product and earnings at almost same level as FY13 H2, though decreased from FY13 H1 ٠
- For sustainable growth, emphasize the balance of the three elements of earnings base, business volume and income
- Number of NISA accounts increased steadily. Asset balance also expanded ٠





*1 Managerial account base *2 Includes MUMS PB securities 34

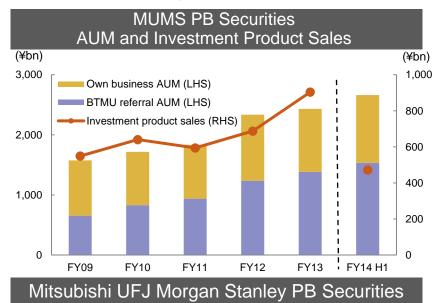


- Utilized mainly mail order tools to bolster the opening of accounts
- Concentrated also on promoting the usage of existing accounts
- · Enhance initiatives to expand the customer base
 - Trial operations of Promotion Center and new-customer developing teams (BTMU)
 - Promotion of education fund gift trusts and substitute testamentary trusts (MUTB)
 - Training young talent to enhance capabilities of personnel (MUSHD)
- · Expand product lineup to contribute to increase customer base & assets under management



Investment product sales(2) - PB business

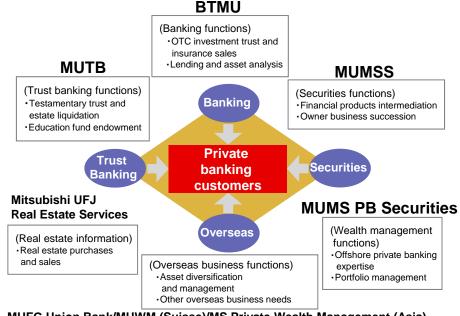
- AUM was ¥2,660 bn increased by ¥360 bn from end FY13 H1 (+16%)
- Net operating revenue recorded historical high at ¥19.3 bn, however, net income decreased slightly from FY13 H1 due to higher expenses related to consolidation by MUFG



	(¥bn)	FY13	FY14 H1	YoY
1	Net operating revenue	36.9	19.3	0.8
2	G&A expenses	23.7	13.0	1.3
3	Referral fee to BTMU	7.9	4.3	0.3
4	Operating income	13.2	6.2	(0.4)
5	Ordinary income	13.0	6.3	(0.4)
6	Net income	7.9	4.0	(0.1)
	35			

Measures for enhancing group collaboration

- Strengthen global asset management services for Japanese private banking customers
- · Strengthen responsiveness to inheritance and real estate needs with **BTMU and MUTB collaboration**
- Pursue synergies leveraging personnel exchanges between ٠ MUMS PB Securities and other MUFG companies



MUFG Union Bank/MUWM (Suisse)/MS Private Wealth Management (Asia)

UFG

Consumer finance

 ACOM's guarantee balance increased steadily and unsecured loan balance also increased. Loan balance of BANQUIC showed consistent growth

283.4

End Sep

14

(¥bn)

600

400

200

Λ

MUFG

247.4

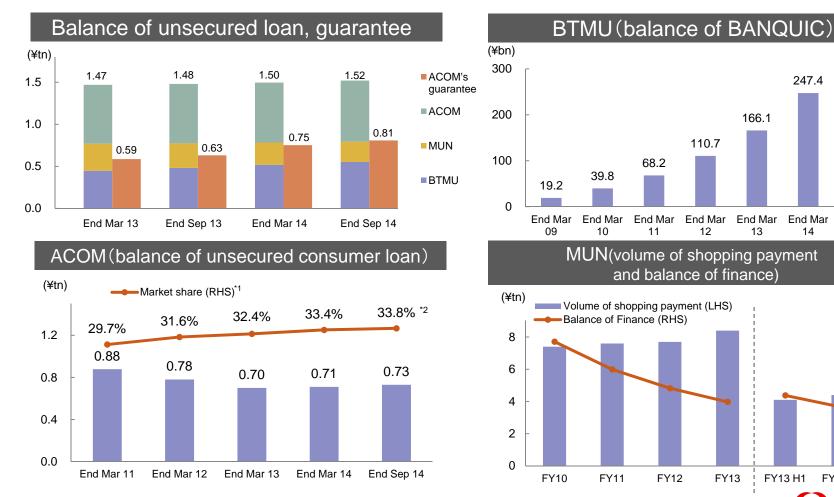
End Mar

14

FY13 H1 FY14 H1

166.1

13



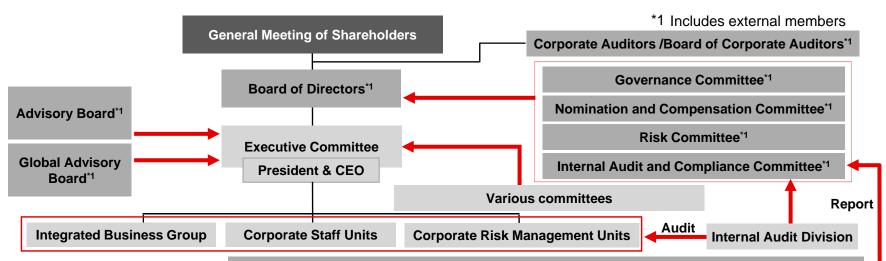
*1 Unsecured consumer loan of ACOM/total unsecured consumer loan by consumer 36 finance companies (Source) Japan Financial Service Association *2 Figure at end of Aug 14

Governance



Enhancement of corporate governance

- One third of 15 directors, and 40% of 20 directors and corporate auditors are independent members outside the group
- The chairs of "Governance Committee", "Nomination and Compensation Committee", "Risk Committee" and "Internal Audit and Compliance Committee" are independent directors to check properly with an independent view
- Assessment of board meeting by external consultants in order to enhance governance and function of board meeting
- In Governance committee , Corporate Governance guideline is discussed to be formulated



BTMU·MUTB·MUSHD Internal Audit and Compliance Committee*1

Chair of committees					
Governance	Kunie Okamoto	Nippon Life Insurance Company, Board Chairman			
Nomination and Compensation	Tsutomu Okuda	J. Front Retailing, Senior Advisor			
Risk	Yuko Kawamoto	Waseda University Graduate School of Finance, Accounting and Law, Professor			
Internal Audit and Compliance	Ryuji Araki	Toyota Motor Corporation, Advisor			

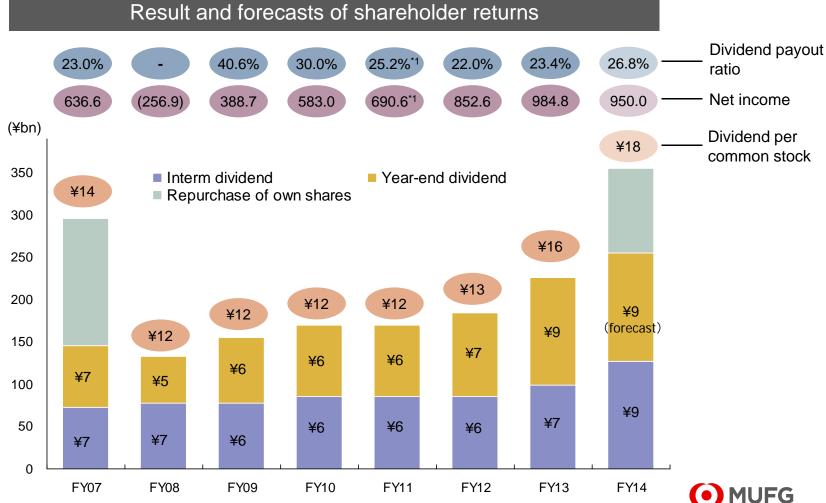


Capital policy



Shareholder returns

- FY14 dividend forecast revised from ¥16 to ¥18 per common stock
- Policy of steady increase in dividends per share through sustainable strengthening of profitability



40

*1 FY11 figures do not include one-time effect of negative goodwill associated with application of equity method accounting on our investment in Morgan Stanley

Repurchase of own shares

• Adopted a resolution to repurchase own shares in order to enable enhancement of shareholder returns, improvement of capital efficiency and implementation of flexible capital policies

Outline of repurchase of own share					
Type of shares to be repurchased	Ordinary shares of MUFG				
Aggregate amount of repurchase price	Up to ¥100.0 bn				
Aggregate number of shares to be repurchased	Up to 180 mil shares (Equivalent to 1.27% of the total number of issued shares (excluding own shares))				
Repurchase period	From November 17, 2014 to March 31, 2015				

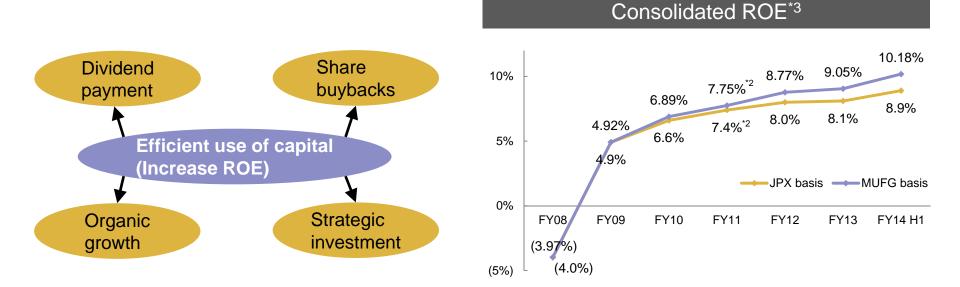
(Reference) Total number of issued shares (excluding own shares) : 14,168,365,044 shares Number of own shares : 241,876 shares (as of October 31, 2014)



Efficient use of capital

Approach to use of capital

- Management that stresses on capital efficiency
 - Increase ROE
 - Awareness to the volatility of global financial markets, and reform of global financial regulation
- CET1 ratio^{*1} was 9.4% as of end Sep 14, excluding effects of net unrealized gains on marketable securities
- Consider share buybacks, taking into account the capital necessary for future growth
- Focus on integration with KS in terms of strategic investment. Keep highly qualified investment criteria for new opportunities



*1 Full implementation basis. Calculated on the basis of regulations to apply at end Mar 19

*2 11.10% (MUFG basis), 10.6% (JPX basis) before excluding negative goodwill associated with application of equity method accounting on our investment in Morgan Stanley

× 100

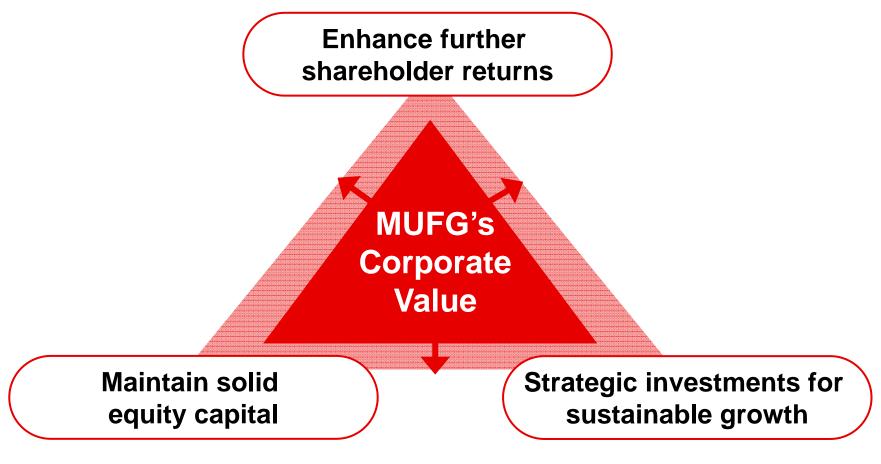
IFG

42 *3 Net income - Equivalent of annual dividends on nonconvertible preferred stocks

{(Total shareholders' equity at the beginning of the period - Number of nonconvertible preferred stocks at the beginning of the period × Issue price + Foreign currency translation adjustments at the beginning of the period)+(Total shareholders' equity at the end of the period - Number of nonconvertible preferred stocks at the end of the period × Issue price + Foreign currency translation adjustments at the end of the period)}÷2

Capital policy

• Enhance further shareholder returns and make strategic investment for sustainable growth while maintaining solid equity capital





Our vision

-Be the world's most trusted financial group-

1. Work together to exceed the expectations of our customers

Strive to understand and respond to the diversified needs of our customers. Maintain and expect the highest levels of professionalism and expertise, supported by our consolidated strength

2. Provide reliable and constant support to our customers

Give the highest priority to protecting the interests of our customers. Promote healthy, sustainable economic growth. Maintain a robust organization that is effective, professional, and responsive

3. Expand and strengthen our global presence

Leverage our strengths and capabilities to attract a loyal global customer base. Adapt rapidly to changes in the global economy and their impact on the needs of our customers

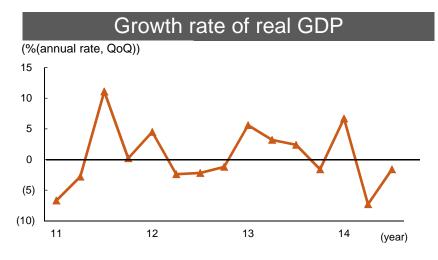




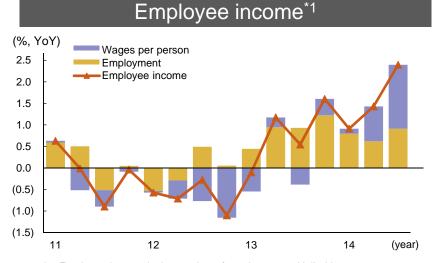
Appendix



Appendix: Economic environment in Japan

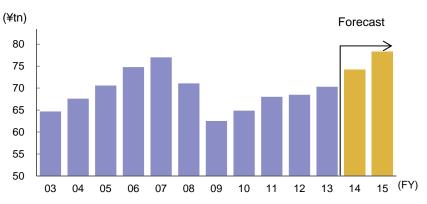


(Source) Complied by BTMU Economic research office from Cabinet Office data



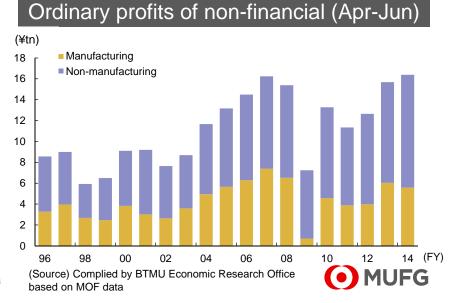
*1 Employee income is the number of employees multiplied by wages per person
 46 (Source) Compiled by BTMU Economic Research Office based on MIC and MHLW data

CAPEX(Real GDP base^{*2}, Forecast)



*2 Based on 2005 prices

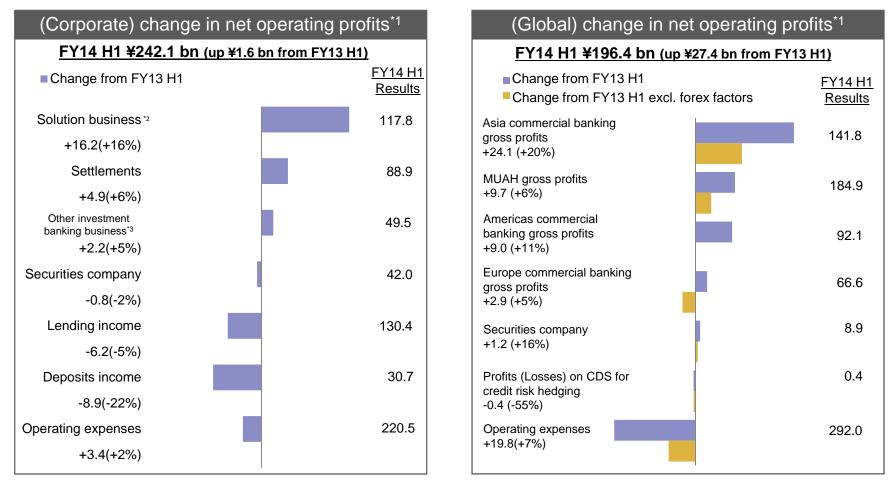
(Source) Complied by BTMU Economic Research Office from Cabinet Office data



Appendix: Corporate & Global

(Consolidated)

- · Corporate: Income from solutions business expanded largely, while lending & deposit income declined
- Global: Earnings increased driven by Asian and American business

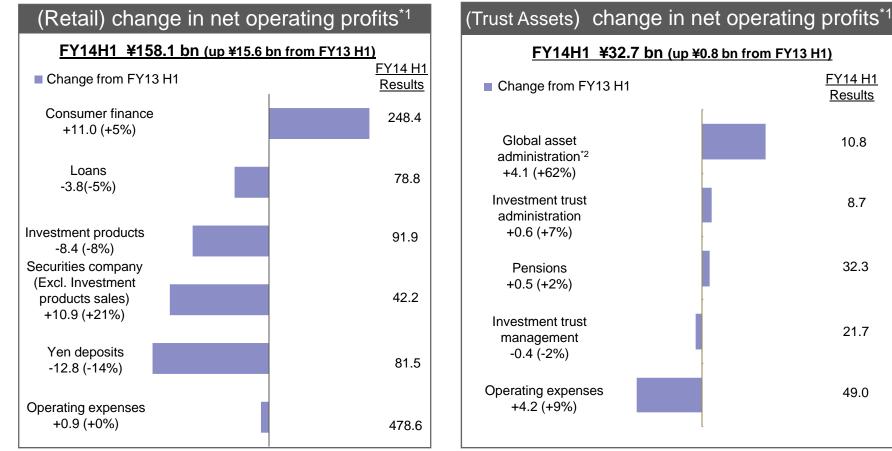


*1 Actual exchange rate basis

47 *2 Structured finance, asset finance and syndicated loans *3 Customer derivatives, underwriting, etc. Please see page 40-45 of the databook for details



- Retail: Consumer finance performed well, while yen deposits and investment products sales struggling
- Trust Assets: Increased profit in global asset administration, investment trust administration and pension businesses due to expanded trusted customers' asset. ¥0.8 bn progress in FY14 H1 total net operating profit from FY13 H1 in spite of increased operating expenses following acquisition of fund administration company



48 *1 Actual exchange rate basis

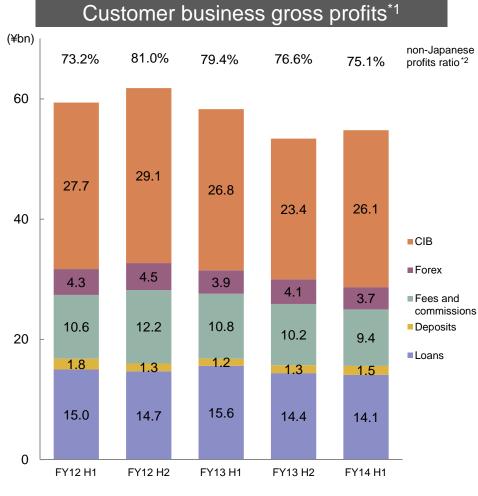
Please see page 37-39, 46 of the databook for details

*2 Businesses including Custody and Fund administration provided under the business brand "MUFG Investor Services"



Appendix: EMEA strategy

• Expand businesses by scrutinizing favorable opportunities and risks, examining such issues as the European debt crisis and the situation in Ukraine. Strengthen local functions and network



Key points of EMEA strategy

- Expand businesses by scrutinizing favorable opportunities and risks, examining such issues as the European debt crisis and the situation in Ukraine
 - Region: Strengthen marketing as well as risk management in emerging countries and regions, including Turkey, Middle East, Africa, etc. in addition to core Europe
 - Respond appropriately while monitoring the situation in Russia and Ukraine
 - Customers: Major non-Japanese corporations, local entities of Japanese corporations
 - Operations: CIB (project finance, syndicated loans, DCM in cooperation between BTMU and securities subsidiaries, etc.), transaction banking
- Strengthen management functions such as governance and risk control to support growth and business expansion in the EMEA

*1 Local currency basis *2 Incl. Middle East



Appendix: Project finance

(Commercial bank consolidated)

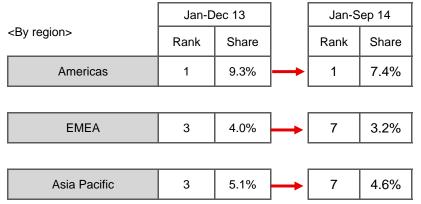
- No2 in Jan-Sep 14 global ranking. More competitive markets in each region
- Maintain current advantage in Americas by better service through an integration between BTMU and UNBC
- Maintain leading status by obtaining large projects, such as power plant or infrastructure shale gas

Global presence

<Global project finance league table (Jan-Sep 14)>

Rank	Mandated Arrangers	Origination Volumes (US\$ bn)	#	Rank Jan-Dec 13
1	SMFG	9.87	75	4
2	MUFG	8.74	96	1
3	BNP Paribas	8.00	51	17

(Source) Thomson Reuters

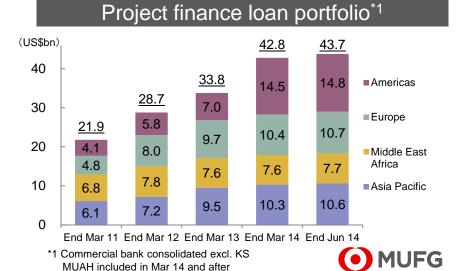


(Source) Thomson Reuters

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Strategies to strengthen the business

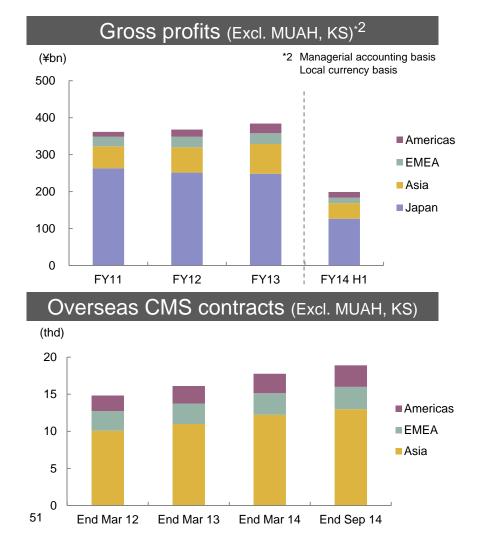
- Global approach: strengthening our platform in the shale gas, infrastructure sector
- Domestic approach: enhancing our supports in relation to Japanese companies' project finance related to PFI, renewable energy, etc. and infrastructure exports to Asia
- Strengthening marketing structure through staff increases



Appendix: Transaction banking business

(Commercial bank consolidated)

- Transaction banking business^{*1} gross profits increased steadily in overseas operations^{*2}
- Strengthening approach to capture global commercial flow and expanding products/services



Strategies to strengthen the business

- Develop a business targeting the entire supply chain on a global base
 - Make the greatest possible use of overseas network, the best among Japanese banks, and our strong Japanese customer base to effectively provide solutions combining trade finance and cash management
- Substantially increase system investment and development personnel, expand lineup of strategic products and services
 - Expand functionality of settlement-related systems products such as BizSTATION and GCMS Plus. Also bolster leadingedge products and services, such as electric trade operation management (TSU^{*3}) and centralized payment operation management system (GPH^{*4}), ahead of competitors
- Further strengthen non-Japanese customers' business
 - Strengthen business development with non-Japanese corporations centered on capturing trade flows related to natural resource business

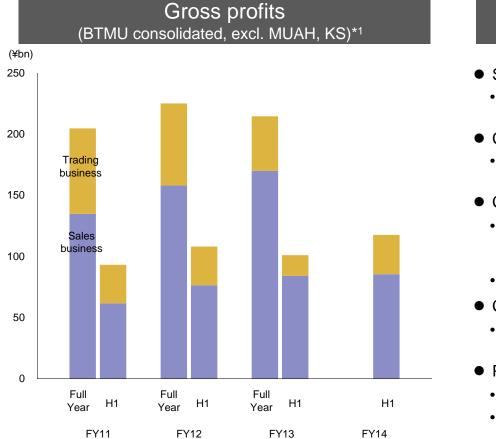
 *1 Collectively refers to services capturing commercial flows of customers such as deposits, settlements and trade finance
 *3 TSU: Trade Services Utility *4 GPH: Global Payment Hub



Appendix: Sales & Trading business

(Commercial bank consolidated)

- Making collaborative work by Sales and Trading business towards enhancement of product lineup and its
 pricing capability to fulfill the customers' needs
- Cover diversifying customers' needs with more active tie-up between BTMU and MUSHD



*1 Sum of customer business divisions and global market division

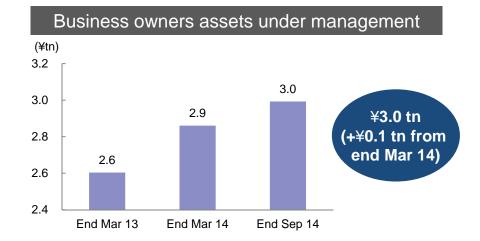
Strategies to strengthen the business

- Strengthen investment business
- Steady approach to customers' investment needs with more collaboration between BTMU and MUSHD
- Collaboration among global network
 - Steady approach to customers' needs of cross-boarder business and event finance
- Collaboration among integrated business groups
 - Expansion of emerging currency related business (Enlarged RMB related products coverage, enhanced Latin-America business and increased product providing capability)
 - Progress in interbank market business
- Collaboration between MUFG entities
 - Enhanced research capability with collaboration between BTMU and MUSHD
- Prudent internal control framework
 - Solid compliance standard in Global Markets operations
 - Enhancement of compliance with global regulatory requirements

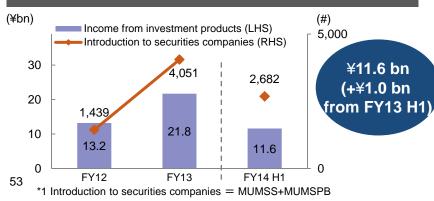


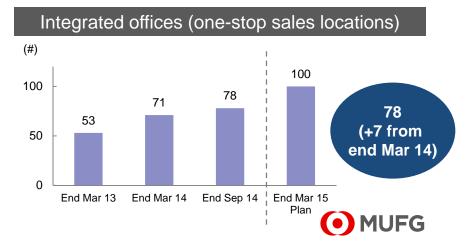
Appendix: Integrated corporate & retail business (Commercial bank consolidated)

- Expanded the sales platform for business owners by providing value-added solution in succession of business or asset. Strengthened collaboration with group securities companies to grow businesses
- Providing prompt service along with life cycle in the business with corporate employee
- One-stop offices unifying the corporate and retail business are scheduled for increase up to 100 locations



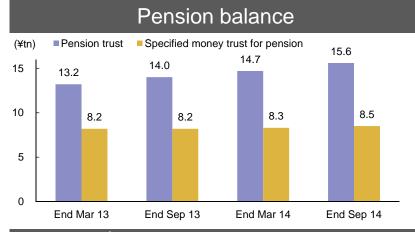
Income from investment products (business Owner) / Introduction to securities companies^{*1}



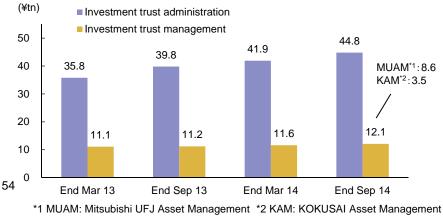


Appendix: Domestic and global asset management & administration

- Pension: Focusing on expansion of customer base by extending BTMU/MUTB cooperation and enhancement of total consulting services for customers about operations, regulations and accounting
- Investment trust: Provide product lineups for customers' mid-long term asset building and increase customer asset balance through strong support for sales institutions
- Global operations: Accelerate our business capability towards diversifying customers' needs of asset management and administration with investee and business tie-up companies







DC pension product and administration asset balance



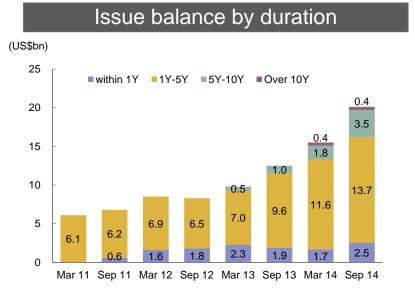
- Completed acquisition of Butterfield Fulcrum Group in Sep 13 (Currently Mitsubishi UFJ Fund Services)
- Following the acquisition, the new business brand "MUFG Investor Services" has been launched and started providing customers with "One-Stop" asset management services covering fund administration, custody and security lending. Accelerate our business capability towards diversifying global customers' needs
- Mitsubishi UFJ Fund Services acquired Meridian Holdings Limited, fund administration service company, in May 14, aiming to enhance competitiveness and scale expansion in global fund administration market which expects high growth amid the global stream of strengthening financial regulations

Appendix: Non-JPY debt issue

(Commercial bank (excl. MUAH, KS))

Topics on non-JPY debt issue (after Apr 14)

- Continuous non-JPY senior debt issues to global institutional investors' market
- Total US\$4.5 bn global bond issued in 144A/Reg S format by BTMU (Sep 14)
- AU\$600 mm TCD* issued by BTMU Sydney branch (Sep 14) *TCD : Transferable Certificates of Deposits
- RMB1 bn off-shore bond issued by BTMU China (May 14)
- US\$25 mm Islamic bond issued by BTMU Malaysia (Sep 14)



List of recent issues (after Apr 14)

Issuer	Term	Issue amount	Coupon	Remarks
BTMU (China), Ltd.	3Y	RMB1,000 mm	3.050%	Off-shore RMB bond
BTMU, Ltd.	3Y	US\$300 mm	US\$ 3mL +31bp	Global bond
BTMU, Ltd.	3Y	US\$1,200 mm	1.450%	Global bond
BTMU, Ltd.	5Y	US\$1,250 mm	2.350%	Global bond
BTMU, Ltd.	7Y	US\$750 mm	2.850%	Global bond
BTMU, Ltd.	10Y	US\$1,000 mm	3.250%	Global bond
BTMU, Ltd. Sydney branch	4Y	AU\$600 mm	AU\$ 3m BBSW+83bp	Transferable CD
BTMU (Malaysia) Berhad	1Y	US\$25 mm	1.295%	Islamic bond

